September 2002 (FAC 2001-09)

| Overall Duty | Assure that a firm properly discloses its accounting practices when required by Government cost accounting standards (CAS) and that the disclosed practices comply with CAS requirements. | |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| Overall Conditions | Given acquisition planning. | |
| Overall Standard | Require a firm to disclose its accounting practices unless a CAS exemption applies. If disclosed accounting practices do not comply with CAS requirements, require compliance and make a reasonable cost impact adjustment when appropriate. | |
| Part A: Determ | mining Appropriate Cost Accounting Standards Coverage | |
| Sub-Duty | Include appropriate cost accounting standards (CAS) coverage in the solicitation, contract, and contract administration. | |
| Sub-Duty Standard | Include an appropriate CAS clause in a contract unless an exemption applies. Obtain an adequate Disclosure Statement when required. Assign a CAS-covered contract for CAS administration. | |

September 2002

| Part B: Reviewing Disclosure Statements | | |
|---|---|--|
| Sub-Duty | Assure that a CAS-covered contractor complies with its disclosed accounting practices and CAS requirements. | |
| Additional Conditions | Given a Disclosure Statement. | |
| Sub-Duty Standard | Require a CAS-covered contractor to comply with its disclosed accounting practices and CAS requirements. Make a reasonable cost impact adjustment when appropriate. | |

September 2002

Policies

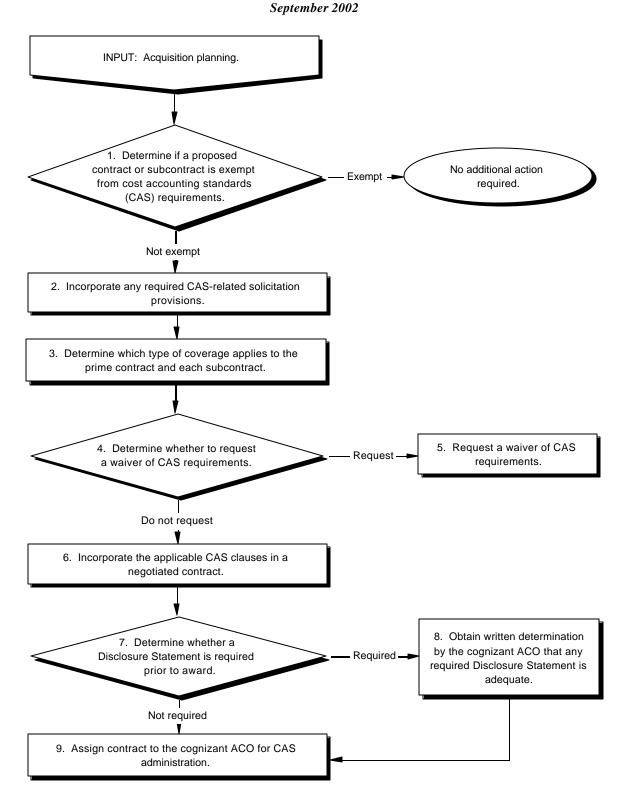
| FAR | Agency | Subject |
|------------|--------|--|
| | Suppl. | |
| 12.214 | | Cost accounting standards. |
| 30 | | Cost accounting standards. |
| 31 | | Contract cost principles and procedures. |
| 52.230-1 | | Cost accounting standards notices and certification. |
| 52.230-2 | | Cost accounting standards. |
| 52.230-3 | | Disclosure and consistency of cost accounting practices. |
| 52.230-4 | | Consistency of cost accounting practices. |
| 52.230-5 | | Cost accounting standards – educational institution. |
| 52.230-6 | | Administration of cost accounting standards. |
| 52.233-1 | | Disputes. |
| Appendix B | | Cost accounting standards and Cost Accounting Standards Board rules and regulations (48 CFR 99). |

Other KSA's

- 1. Knowledge of accounting principles and practices.
- 2. Ability to conscientiously evaluate information related to a firm's accounting system.
- 3. Ability to solve practical problems related to a firm's accounting system.
- 4. Ability to communicate orally and in writing concerning accounting system issues.
- 5. Ability to identify accounting system problems and use sound judgment in resolving them.
- 6. Ability to maintain the honesty and integrity of the acquisition process.

Other Policies and References (Annotate As Necessary):

Part A: Determining Appropriate Cost Accounting Standards Coverage



Part A: Determining Appropriate Cost Accounting Standards Coverage

September 2002

Tasks

| 1. Determine if a proposed contract or | The following categories of contracts and |
|--|---|
| subcontract is exempt from cost | subcontracts are exempt: |
| accounting standards (CAS) requirements. | Sealed bid contracts. |
| | • Negotiated contracts and subcontracts not in excess of \$500,000. |
| | Contracts and subcontracts with small businesses. |
| | Contracts and subcontracts with foreign |
| | governments or their agents or |
| | instrumentalities. In addition, CAS coverage |
| | of any award to a foreign concern is limited to CAS 401 and 402. |
| | Contracts and subcontracts in which the price |
| | is set by law or regulation. |
| | • Firm fixed-priced and fixed-price with economic price adjustment (provided that |
| | price adjustment is not based on actual costs |
| | incurred) contracts and subcontracts for the |
| | acquisition of commercial items. |
| | • Contracts or subcontracts of less than \$7.5 |
| | million, unless at the time of award, the |
| | business unit is performing a CAS-covered |
| | contract or subcontract valued at \$7.5 million |
| | or more. |
| | Contracts and subcontracts awarded to a United Kingdom contractor for performance |
| | United Kingdom contractor for performance substantially in the United Kingdom, provided |
| | that the contractor has filed a properly |
| | completed disclosure statement with the |
| | United Kingdom Ministry of Defence. |
| | Subcontracts under the NATO PHM Ship |
| | program to be performed outside the United |
| | States by a foreign concern. |
| | Contracts and subcontracts to be executed and |
| | performed entirely outside the United States, |
| | its territories, and possessions. |
| | Firm fixed-price contracts or subcontracts |
| | awarded on the basis of adequate price |
| | competition without submission of cost or |
| | pricing data. |

Part A: Determining Appropriate Cost Accounting Standards Coverage

September 2002

Tasks

| 2. Incorporate any required CAS-related | If the contract will not obviously be exempt from |
|---|---|
| solicitation provisions. | CAS (e.g., a small business set-aside), include |
| | Cost Accounting Standards Notices and |
| | Certification (FAR 52.230-1) in the solicitation. |

Part A: Determining Appropriate Cost Accounting Standards Coverage

September 2002

Tasks

| Tasks | Related Standards |
|---|--|
| 3. Determine which type of coverage ap- | Consider the following types of coverage for |
| plies to the prime contract and each sub- | contracts and subcontracts: |
| contract. | • Full coverage requires that the business unit |
| | comply with all standards in effect on the date |
| | of the contract award and with any standard |
| | that becomes applicable because of later |
| | award of a CAS-covered contract. It applies |
| | to contractor business units that: |
| | - Receive a single CAS-covered contract |
| | award of \$50 million or more; or |
| | - Received \$50 million or more in net CAS- |
| | covered awards during its preceding cost |
| | accounting period. |
| | Modified coverage requires that the contractor |
| | comply with CAS 401, 402, 405, and 406. |
| | - It may be applied to a covered contract of |
| | less than \$50 million awarded to a business |
| | unit that received less than \$50 million in |
| | net CAS-covered awards in the immediately |
| | preceding cost accounting period; |
| | - Once it applies to one contract, it applies to |
| | all CAS-covered contracts awarded to the |
| | business unit during that cost accounting |
| | period. However, if the business unit |
| | receives a single CAS-covered contract of \$50 million or more: |
| | That contract is subject to full CAS |
| | coverage; and |
| | Any covered contract awarded thereafter |
| | in the same cost accounting period is also. |
| | - A contract awarded with modified CAS |
| | coverage shall remain subject to such |
| | coverage throughout its life. |
| | Educational institutions coverage applies to |
| | educational institutions, except as otherwise |
| | provided at 48 CFR 9903.201-2(c) or |
| | 9903.202-1(f). |
| | Foreign concerns coverage limits CAS- |
| | coverage of foreign concerns to CAS 401 and |
| | 402. |

Part A: Determining Appropriate Cost Accounting Standards Coverage

September 2002

Tasks

| 4. Determine whether to request a waiver | The head of the agency (or a delegated official no |
|--|---|
| of CAS requirements. | lower than the senior policymaking level) may |
| | grant a waiver when one of the following |
| | conditions exists: |
| | The contract or subcontract value is less than \$15 million and the official makes a written determination that the segment of the firm that will perform the contract or subcontract: Is primarily engaged in the sale of commercial items; and Has no contracts or subcontracts that are subject to CAS; or Exceptional circumstances exist whereby a waiver of CAS is necessary to meet the needs of the agency. Exceptional circumstances exist only when the benefits to be derived |
| | from waiving the CAS outweigh the risk associated with the waiver. The official's |
| | determination that exceptional circumstances |
| | exist must: |
| | - Be set forth in writing; and |
| | - Include a statement of the specific |
| | circumstances that justify granting the |
| | waiver. |

Part A: Determining Appropriate Cost Accounting Standards Coverage

September 2002

Tasks

| T D | TT 71 |
|--|--|
| 5. Request a waiver of CAS requirements. | When a waiver appears appropriate, the request |
| | for waiver should include the following: |
| | • The amount of the proposed award; |
| | A description of the contract or subcontract |
| | type (e.g., firm fixed-price); |
| | • Whether the segment(s) that will perform the |
| | contract or subcontract has CAS-covered |
| | contracts or subcontracts; |
| | • A description of the item(s) being procured; |
| | When the contractor or subcontractor will not |
| | accept the contract or subcontract if CAS |
| | applies, a statement to that effect; |
| | • Whether cost or pricing data will be obtained, |
| | and if so, how the data will be used in |
| | negotiating the contract or subcontract price; |
| | The benefits to the Government of waiving |
| | CAS; |
| | The potential risk to the Government of |
| | waiving CAS; |
| | • The date by which the waiver is needed; and |
| | Any other information that may be useful in |
| | evaluating the request. |

Part A: Determining Appropriate Cost Accounting Standards Coverage

September 2002

Tasks

| 6. Incorporate the applicable CAS clauses | sed on the firm's resp | oonse to Cost Accounting |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| in a negotiated contract. | ndards Notices and C | Certification |
| | AR 52.230-1) and oth | er available information, |
| | ect the appropriate cl | auses. Insert the: |
| | Cost Accounting Sta | andards clause (FAR |
| | 52.230-2), unless th | e: |
| | - Contract is exemp | oted from CAS coverage; |
| | - Contract is subjec | t to modified coverage; or |
| | - Consistency in Co | ost Estimating Practices |
| | clause (FAR 52.2) | 30-4) is used. |
| | Disclosure and Cons | sistency of Cost |
| | Accounting Practice | s clause (FAR 52.230-3), |
| | in negotiated contra | cts when the: |
| | | s over \$500,000, but less |
| | than \$50 million; | |
| | | is eligible for and elects |
| | to use modified C | = |
| | • | ost Estimating Practices |
| | clause (FAR 52.23 | * |
| | • | Accounting Practices |
| | ` | -4), in contracts exempt |
| | - | ents solely because the |
| | | arded to a United Kingdom |
| | | be performed substantially |
| | in the United Kingdo | |
| | • | andards – Educational |
| | Institution (FAR 52. | |
| | | nal institutions, unless the: |
| | - The contract is ex | empted from CAS |
| | coverage; | 1 6 11 |
| | - The contract is to | • |
| | Federally Funded | |
| | Development Cen | 7 1 |
| | - 48 CFR 9903.201 | |
| | | ost Accounting Standards |
| | clause (FAR 52.230 | * * |
| | containing any of th | e clauses above. |

Part A: Determining Appropriate Cost Accounting Standards Coverage

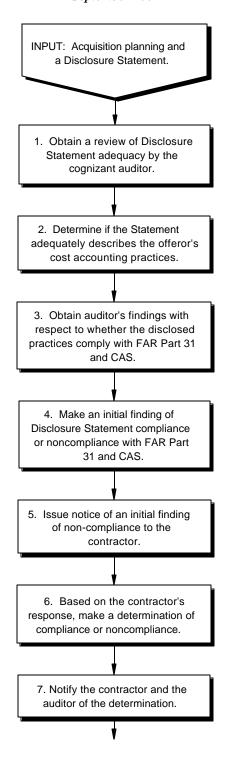
September 2002

Tasks

| 7. Determine whether a Disclosure State- | Unless the agency head determines that it is |
|--|--|
| ment is required prior to award. | impractical, secure a completed Disclosure |
| | Statements from: |
| | Any business unit that is selected to receive a |
| | CAS-covered contract or subcontract of \$50 |
| | million or more before award. |
| | Any company which, together with its |
| | segments, received net awards of negotiated |
| | prime contracts and subcontracts subject to |
| | CAS totaling \$50 million or more in its most |
| | recent cost accounting period, before award of |
| | its first CAS-covered contract in the |
| | immediately following cost accounting period. |
| | However, if the first CAS-covered contract is |
| | received within 90 days of the start of the cost |
| | accounting period, the contractor is not |
| | required to file until the end of 90 days. |
| | • Any other business unit required to submit a |
| | Disclosure Statement before contract award in |
| | accordance with 48 CFR 9903.202. |
| | When the agency head determines that it is |
| | impractical to secure a required Disclosure |
| | Statements prior to contract award, the agency |
| | head must, within 30 days, report all material facts |
| | to the Cost Accounting Standards Board. |
| 8. Obtain written determination by the | Do not award a CAS-covered contract until the |
| cognizant ACO that any required | cognizant ACO has made a written determination |
| Disclosure Statement is adequate. | that a required Disclosure Statement is adequate |
| | unless, in order to protect the Government's |
| | interest, the Contracting Officer waives the |
| | requirement for an adequacy determination before |
| | award. In that event, obtain a determination of |
| | adequacy as soon as possible after contract award. |
| 9. Assign contract to the cognizant ACO | Within 30 days after award of any new CAS- |
| for CAS administration. | covered contract or subcontract subject, request |
| | the cognizant ACO to perform administration for |
| | CAS matters. Request CAS administration even |
| | when the Contracting Officer retains other |
| | contract administration functions. |

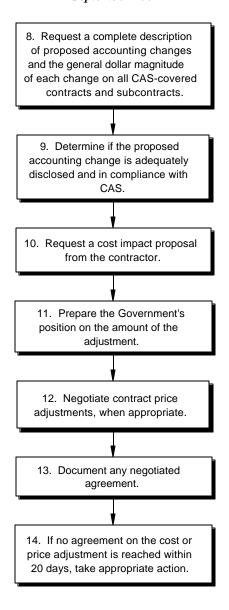
Part B: Reviewing Disclosure Statements

September 2002



Part B: Reviewing Disclosure Statements

September 2002



Part B: Reviewing Disclosure Statements

September 2002

Tasks

| 1. Obtain a review of Disclosure | The cognizant auditor is responsible for: |
|---|---|
| Statement adequacy by the cognizant | Reviewing the Disclosure Statement to |
| auditor. | ascertain whether it is current, accurate, and |
| | complete; and |
| | Reporting the results to the cognizant ACO. |
| 2. Determine if the Statement adequately | Based on the results from the Disclosure |
| describes the offeror's cost accounting | Statement review by the cognizant auditor and |
| practices. | other available information, the cognizant ACO |
| | must determine whether or not it adequately |
| | describes the offeror's cost accounting practices. |
| | If any inadequacy is identified, request a revised Disclosure Statement. |
| | If the Disclosure Statement is adequate, notify |
| | the offeror in writing, with copies to the |
| | cognizant auditor and Contracting Officer. |
| | - Generally, furnish the contractor |
| | notification of adequacy or inadequacy |
| | within 30 days after the Disclosure |
| | Statement has been received by the ACO. |
| | - In the notification, state that a disclosed |
| | practice must not, by virtue of disclosure, be |
| | considered an approved practice for: |
| | Pricing proposals; or |
| | Accumulating and reporting contract |
| | performance cost data. |
| 3. Obtain auditor's findings with respect | After notification of Disclosure Statement |
| to whether the disclosed practices comply | adequacy, the cognizant auditor must: |
| with FAR Part 31 and CAS. | Conduct a detailed Disclosure Statement |
| | review to ascertain whether or not the |
| | disclosed practices comply with Part 31 and |
| | CAS; and |
| 4. Make an initial findling of Disale | Report the results to the cognizant ACO. Within 15 days of the respirit of a general of allowed. |
| 4. Make an initial finding of Disclosure | Within 15 days of the receipt of a report of alleged |
| Statement compliance or noncompliance with FAR Part 31 and CAS. | noncompliance from the cognizant auditor, make |
| WILLI FAR PAIL 31 AHU CAS. | an initial finding of compliance or noncompliance and advise the auditor. |

Part B: Reviewing Disclosure Statements

September 2002

Tasks

| 5. Issue notice of an initial finding of non- | If an initial finding of noncompliance is made: | |
|---|---|--|
| compliance to the contractor. | • Immediately notify the contractor in writing of | |
| | the exact nature of the noncompliance; and | |
| | Allow the contractor 60 days within which to | |
| | agree or to submit reasons why the existing | |
| | practices are considered to be in compliance. | |
| 6. Based on the contractor's response, | In making the determination: | |
| make a determination of compliance or | If the contractor agrees with the initial finding | |
| noncompliance. | of noncompliance, consider that agreement. | |
| | If the contractor disagrees with the initial | |
| | noncompliance finding, review the reasons | |
| | why the contractor considers the existing | |
| | practices to be in compliance. | |
| | If necessary, consult with the cognizant | |
| | auditor. | |
| 7. Notify the contractor and the auditor of | Notify the contractor and the auditor in writing of | |
| the determination. | the determination. If the contractor's practices | |
| | are: | |
| | In compliance with FAR Part 31 and CAS | |
| | clearly state that in the determination. | |
| | Not in compliance with FAR Part 31, process | |
| | the matter in accordance with normal contract | |
| | administration procedures. | |
| | • Not in compliance with CAS: | |
| | - Provide a written explanation concerning | |
| | areas of disagreement with the contractor; | |
| | _ | |
| | and | |
| | and - Require the contractor to propose changes to | |
| | and | |

Part B: Reviewing Disclosure Statements

September 2002

Tasks

| 8. Request a complete description of proposed accounting changes and the general dollar magnitude of each change on all CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts. | Require the contractor to submit a description of any cost accounting practice change when: A CAS-covered contract award will require a change to established cost accounting practices affecting existing contracts and subcontracts. A determination of noncompliance has been made. The contractor proposes a voluntary change to disclosed or established cost accounting practices. If the contractor does not submit a required description of a proposed cost accounting |
|---|---|
| | practice, change in the form and manner specified, take appropriate action in accordance with FAR 30.602-1(d), 30.602-2(d), or 30.602-3(d). |
| 9. Determine if the proposed accounting change is adequately disclosed and in compliance with CAS. | Review the proposed change concurrently for adequacy and compliance. Obtain any support from the cognizant auditor required to complete the review. |
| 10. Request a cost impact proposal from the contractor. | If the description of the proposed change is both adequate and incompliance with CAS, notify the contractor and request submission of a cost impact proposal. |
| | If the contractor does not submit a required cost impact proposal in the form and manner specified, take appropriate action in accordance with FAR 30.602-1(d), 30.602-2(d), or 30.602-3(d). |

Part B: Reviewing Disclosure Statements

September 2002

Tasks

| 11. Prepare the Government's position on | Promptly analyze the cost impact proposal with |
|---|---|
| the amount of the adjustment. | the assistance of the cognizant auditor. For a |
| | proposal that results from: |
| | A new or modified standard, determine the |
| | impact of the proposal on CAS-covered |
| | contracts. |
| | An identified noncompliance with existing standards: |
| | Determine the impact of the proposal on CAS-covered contracts; and |
| | Include and separately identify applicable interest on any increased costs paid to the contractor as a result of the noncompliance. |
| | A voluntary change, determine whether or not the proposed change will result in increased costs being paid by the Government. |
| | Increased costs from a voluntary change may |
| | only be allowed if the ACO determines that |
| | the change is desirable and not detrimental to |
| | the interest of the Government. |
| 12. Negotiate contract price adjustments, | Invite Contracting Officers to participate in |
| when appropriate. | negotiations when the price of any of their |
| | contracts may be increased or decreased by |
| | \$10,000 or more. |

Part B: Reviewing Disclosure Statements

September 2002

Tasks

| 13. Document any negotiated agreement. | When a negotiated agreement is reached: |
|--|--|
| | Execute any necessary supplemental |
| | agreement(s) to agency contracts. If |
| | additional funds are required, request them |
| | from the appropriate Contracting Officer. |
| | Prepare a negotiation memorandum and send |
| | copies to the: |
| | - Cognizant auditors; |
| | - Contracting Officers of other agencies |
| | having prime contracts that require |
| | adjustment as a result of the agreement; and |
| | - ACO for the next higher-tier subcontractor |
| | or prime contractor, as appropriate, for any |
| | subcontract that requires adjustment as a |
| | result of the agreement. |
| | |
| | If a contract from another agency requires |
| | adjustment as a result of the agreement, that |
| | agency must execute a supplemental agreement in |
| | the amount required. |
| | For a subcontract, the negotiation memorandum |
| | serves as the basis for: |
| | Negotiation between the subcontractor and |
| | the next higher-tier subcontractor or prime |
| | contractor; and |
| | Execution of a supplemental agreement to the |
| | subcontract. |
| 14. If no agreement on the cost or price | Alternatives include: |
| adjustment is reached within 20 days, take | Continuing to negotiate; or |
| appropriate action. | Making a unilateral adjustment, subject to |
| | contractor appeal as provided under the |
| | Disputes clause (52.233-1). |
| | If the decision is to make a unilateral adjustment |
| | If the decision is to make a unilateral adjustment, also take action to collect any amount due the |
| | Government as a result of that adjustment. |
| | Government as a result of that augustinent. |